Subsection 2.--Co-operative Credit in Quebec.

A form of co-operation which has achieved great success is that which provides short-term credit for small farmers and industrial workers in the province of Quebec. In 1900, what are known as "Les Caisses Populaires", or People's Banks, were begun with the establishment, by the late Alphonse Desjardins, of La Caisse Populaire M. Desjardins adopted the principles of lending money only for approved at Lévis. purposes to carefully selected members in a restricted area, of limited liability, of withdrawable shares of small amount payable by instalments, and of distribution of profits. These banks are for the most part established in agricultural districts. Loans are made to purchase agricultural implements at cash prices, to increase farm live stock, to improve farm buildings, to tide over a period of depression. to get out of a merchant's debt and for various other similar purposes. The loans, though comprised within the term "short credit", are for longer periods than are usual in ordinary commercial transactions, because agricultural operations necessarily extend over longer periods than those of trade. They may be for 12, 15, or even 24 months, because they must give time for the farmer to realize on his products.

At present these banks are organized under the Quebec Syndicates Act, 1906. The value of the shares is generally \$5, which may be paid in instalments. The liability of the shareholders is limited to the value of their shares, which generally does not exceed \$2,000 per shareholder. Shareholders and borrowers must reside within the area of the bank's field of operations, except that under the by-laws shareholders who remove from the locality may continue their holdings in the bank, but without participation in the management by holding office. Larger loans are made upon mortgage and the smaller ones upon notes, but a portion of the loan capital and interest must be repaid at fixed periods in such a way as to extinguish the debt within a determinate time. Each bank is administered by a board of from five to nine members. A credit committee of at least three members passes on the loans requested by shareholders, and a board of supervision of three members checks loans and value of securities and audits the accounts. The members of these boards give their services gratuitously.

The following table (Table 25) exhibits the progress of the banks during the fourteen years 1915 to 1928. The table is compiled from statistics included in successive volumes of the Quebec Year Book.

Years.	Banks Reporting.	Members.	Depositors.	Borrowers.	Loans Granted.	Value of Loans Granted.	Profits Realized.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	\$	\$
1915	94 93	$\begin{array}{c} 23,614\\ 25,028\\ 25,669\\ 27,593\\ 29,795\\ 31,752\\ 31,029\\ 33,166\\ 32,173\\ 31,250\\ 33,279\\ 36,298\\ 41,365\\ 41,374\end{array}$	18,977 20,672 23,451 26,238 30,570 30,583 29,771 30,874 33,527 37,343 40,753	6,696 7,458 8,056 9,148 9,213 9,219 8,999 8,373 8,414 9,334 10,418	$\begin{array}{c} 8,983\\ 11,201\\ 12,741\\ 14,293\\ 14,383\\ 15,390\\ 14,983\\ 13,367\\ 12,273\\ 11,017\\ 13,682\\ 15,843\\ 16,832\\ 15,843\\ 16,832\\ 17,403\\ \end{array}$	$1,483,160\\1,641,258\\2,306,172\\2,623,096\\3,667,004\\4,341,544\\1,248,725\\2,891,092\\3,429,444\\3,763,852\\3,909,790\\4,498,956\\4,778,761\\5,047,769$	$\begin{array}{r} 89,893\\ 100,945\\ 148,591\\ 180,039\\ 238,375\\ 311,323\\ 352,940\\ 334,396\\ 354,804\\ 398,976\\ 449,531\\ 468,034\\ 537,294\\ 571,664\end{array}$

25.—Progress of Co-operative People's Banks in Quebec, 1915-1928.